Patent claims

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- 1. Method for producing a vertically emitting laser, in which a current aperture and a semiconductor relief are produced, the area size of the semiconductor relief and the area size of the current aperture being defined in the same production step.
- 10 2. Method according to claim 1, characterized in that the production step is carried out in such a way that the area size of the semiconductor relief and the area size of the current aperture comply with a predetermined size ratio in a self-scaling manner.
 - 3. Method according to claim 2, characterized in that the area size of the semiconductor relief and the area size of the current aperture are defined in an oxidation step.
 - 4. Method according to claim 3, characterized in that - an oxidizable auxiliary layer for the definition of the area size of the semiconductor relief and an oxidizable current aperture layer are subjected to the oxidation step,
 - the ratio between the oxidation rate of the oxidizable auxiliary layer and the oxidation rate of the current aperture layer defining the predetermined size ratio.
 - 5. Method according to claim 4, characterized in that a mesa structure encompassing the oxidizable auxiliary layer and the current aperture layer is produced, and in that the sidewalls of the mesa structure are subjected to the oxidation step.
 - 6. Method according to claim 5, characterized in that

- at least one semiconductor intermediate layer is arranged on the oxidizable current aperture layer of the laser,
- the oxidizable auxiliary layer is arranged on the semiconductor intermediate layer,
- a covering layer is arranged on the oxidizable auxiliary layer,
- the mesa structure is etched into the resulting layer stack, and
- the sidewalls of the mesa structure are subjected to the oxidation step, the oxidizable current aperture layer and into the oxidizable auxiliary layer being oxidized laterally during the oxidation step.

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- 7. Method according to claim 6, characterized in that
 - the oxidizable auxiliary layer is removed in its oxidized regions, a region of the semiconductor intermediate layer being uncovered,
- the semiconductor intermediate layer being etched in the uncovered region down to a depth corresponding to the depth of the semiconductor relief to be produced,
 - the covering layer and the non-oxidized regions of the oxidizable auxiliary layer are removed, thereby uncovering the semiconductor relief in the semiconductor intermediate layer.
- 8. Method according to claim 7, characterized in that at least one mirror layer is arranged on the semiconductor relief.
- 9. Method according to claim 1, characterized in that the semiconductor relief is arranged between an upper mirror layer and a current aperture of the VCSEL laser.
 - 10. Method according to claim 9, characterized in that the area size of the semiconductor relief is made

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to be larger than the area size of the current aperture.

- 11. Method according to claim 2, characterized in that
 a layer made of dielectric material is used as the
 mirror layer.
 - 12. Method according to claim 1, characterized in that- a mesa structure and a current aperture are produced, and
 - an upper electrical contact of the laser is arranged on the mesa structure,
 - the arrangement of the upper electrical contact, of the current aperture and also of the semiconductor relief relative to one another being effected in a self-aligning manner.
- 13. Method according to claim 12, characterized in that an intra-cavity contact is formed as the upper electrical contact.
 - 14. Method according to claim 13, characterized in that the intra-cavity contact is formed on the semiconductor intermediate layer.
 - 15. Vertically emitting laser with a semiconductor relief for radiating undesirable modes, the semiconductor relief being arranged between an upper mirror layer and a current aperture of the laser.
 - 16. Laser according to claim 15, characterized in that the area size of the semiconductor relief is larger than the area size of the current aperture.
 - 17. Laser according to claim 15, characterized in that the mirror layer comprises dielectric material.

18. Laser according to claim 15, characterized in that the laser has an intra-cavity contact as the upper electrical contact.